INTRODUCTION

This reference and programming guide contains condensed specifications, descriptions of the various features and information for using the Model 617.

Included with descriptions of each feature are brief operating instructions and some examples of typical uses.

Included with the programming information are several example programs utilizing some commonly used controllers to get the Model 617 “up and running” on the IEEE-488 bus.
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### VOLTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200mV</td>
<td>10 μV</td>
<td>0.05% + 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 V</td>
<td>100 μV</td>
<td>0.05% + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 V</td>
<td>1mV</td>
<td>0.05% + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>10μV</td>
<td>0.07% + 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**INPUT IMPEDANCE:** >200Ω in parallel with 20pF (<2pF guarded).

### AMPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Accuracy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 pA</td>
<td>0.1fA</td>
<td>1.6 % + 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 pA</td>
<td>1 fA</td>
<td>1.0 % + 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 pA</td>
<td>10 fA</td>
<td>1.6 % + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 nA</td>
<td>100fA</td>
<td>0.25% + 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 nA</td>
<td>1 pA</td>
<td>0.25% + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 nA</td>
<td>10 pA</td>
<td>0.25% + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 μA</td>
<td>100pA</td>
<td>0.15% + 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 μA</td>
<td>1 nA</td>
<td>0.15% + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 μA</td>
<td>10 nA</td>
<td>0.15% + 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2mA</td>
<td>100nA</td>
<td>0.15% + 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20mA</td>
<td>1 μA</td>
<td>0.15% + 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**INPUT VOLTAGE BURDEN:** <1mV except 3mV on 20mA range.
### OHMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Accuracy 1 year, 18°-28°C (%rdg + counts)</th>
<th>Test Current ±1.5%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 kΩ</td>
<td>0.1 Ω</td>
<td>0.2% + 4</td>
<td>100μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 kΩ</td>
<td>1 Ω</td>
<td>0.15% ± 1</td>
<td>100μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 kΩ</td>
<td>10 Ω</td>
<td>0.25% ± 1</td>
<td>10μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 MΩ</td>
<td>100 Ω</td>
<td>0.25% ± 1</td>
<td>1μA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 MΩ</td>
<td>1 kΩ</td>
<td>0.25% ± 1</td>
<td>100nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 MΩ</td>
<td>10 kΩ</td>
<td>0.3% ± 1</td>
<td>10nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 GΩ</td>
<td>100 kΩ</td>
<td>1.5% ± 1</td>
<td>1nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20 GΩ</td>
<td>1 MΩ</td>
<td>1.5% ± 1</td>
<td>1nA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200 GΩ</td>
<td>10 MΩ</td>
<td>1.5% ± 1</td>
<td>1nA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MAXIMUM OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE:** 300VDC.

### COULOMBS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Resolution</th>
<th>Accuracy 1 year, 18°-28°C (%rdg + counts)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>200pC</td>
<td>10fC</td>
<td>0.4% ± 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nC</td>
<td>100fC</td>
<td>0.4% ± 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20nC</td>
<td>1pC</td>
<td>0.4% ± 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VOLTAGE SOURCE**

**OUTPUT:** −102V to +102V in 50mV steps.

**ACCURACY:** 1 year, 18°-28°C; ±0.2% + 50mV

**MAXIMUM OUTPUT CURRENT:** ±2mA, active current limit at <4mA with annunciation.
GENERAL

CONVERSION TIME: 330msec.

MAXIMUM INPUT: 250V peak, DC to 60Hz sinewave, 10sec per minute max on mA ranges.

ELECTROMETER MAX COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE: 500V peak.

V-SOURCE MAX COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE: 100V peak.

ENVIRONMENT:
- Operating: 0°C to 50°C, 70% relative humidity up to 35°C.
- Storage: -25°C to +65°C.

WARMUP: 1 hour to rated accuracy.

ENGINEERING UNITS CONVERSION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>PREFIX</th>
<th>EXPONENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>f</td>
<td>femto-</td>
<td>$10^{-15}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>p</td>
<td>pico-</td>
<td>$10^{-12}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n</td>
<td>nano-</td>
<td>$10^{-9}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>u</td>
<td>micro-</td>
<td>$10^{-6}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>m</td>
<td>milli-</td>
<td>$10^{-3}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>k</td>
<td>kilo-</td>
<td>$10^3$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>mega-</td>
<td>$10^6$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>giga-</td>
<td>$10^9$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T</td>
<td>tera-</td>
<td>$10^{12}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>peta-</td>
<td>$10^{15}$</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

1. Before operation, ground the instrument through a properly earth-grounded power receptacle.

2. Before servicing, disconnect the instrument from the power line, all other equipment and consult the Model 617 Instruction Manual.

3. Do not touch any terminals while the instrument is turned on or connected to any other test equipment.
DISPLAY ANNUNCIATORS

Readings can be displayed with either alpha exponents or numeric exponents. A front panel program toggles the exponent mode (see PROGRAM FEATURES).

ALPHA EXPONENTS
mV or V: millivolts or volts.
kΩ, MΩ, GΩ, TΩ or PΩ: kilohms, megohms, gigohms, teraohms or petaohms.
pA, nA, µA or mA: picoamps, nanoamps, microamps or milliamps.
nC or pC: nanocoulombs or picocoulombs.

NUMERIC EXPONENTS
Positive Exponents: 0 through 18.
Negative Exponents: -01 through -12.
Example: A displayed exponent of -12 = 10^-12.

Display Status—Three indicator lights define what is being read on the display.

METER Indicator Light—Indicates that electrometer readings are being displayed.

SOURCE Indicator Light—Indicates that the voltage source (V-SOURCE) value is being displayed.

DATA Indicator Light—Indicates that the data store is in the recall mode and a previously stored reading is being displayed. A flashing DATA light indicates that the data store is full.

NOTE:
The DISPLAY button toggles the display between source and the current mode (METER or DATA).

IEEE Status Indicators—The TALK, LISTEN and REMOTE indicators are used when programming the instrument over the IEEE-488 bus. These status lights are not operational during front panel instrument operation.
The following messages will be displayed to flag errors or conditions as they occur:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESSAGE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OL r.r.</td>
<td>Overrange input applied. Displayed briefly on power up; RAM test passed. Displayed constantly; RAM test failed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n Err</td>
<td>Number Error. Calibration or voltage source value exceeds limits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b Err</td>
<td>Bus Error. Instrument programmed while not in remote or an illegal command (IDDC) sent or an illegal command option (IDDCO) sent.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t Err</td>
<td>Trigger Overrun Error. Instrument triggered while processing reading from previous trigger.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>..</td>
<td>Flashing decimal points on exponent LEDs; not using stored cal constants. Constant decimal points; instrument in calibration mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IEEE “address”</td>
<td>Program message; in IEEE address program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>disp</td>
<td>Program message; in display mode program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>cal</td>
<td>Program message; in cal constant program.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blinking AMPS light</td>
<td>In V/I current overload.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blinking ZERO CHECK light</td>
<td>In V/I zero check.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SHIFT FEATURE

DESCRIPTION

Several of the front panel buttons have a secondary function. These functions are labeled on the front panel in the same color as the shift button. A secondary function is selected by first pressing the SHIFT button and then pressing the appropriate button. More information on these secondary functions can be found in the following text.
DESCRIPTION

The zero check feature provides a means for internal zero verification. The zero correct feature, when used with zero check, corrects internal offsets in the instrument so that the display reads zero. In the zero check mode, the input impedance of the Model 617 is changed as outlined in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
<th>RANGE</th>
<th>IMPEDANCE IN ZERO CHECK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>10MΩ∥20pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resistance</td>
<td>All kΩ, 2MΩ</td>
<td>909kΩ∥1120pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20MΩ, 200MΩ, All GΩ</td>
<td>9.09MΩ∥47pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coulombs</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>10MΩ∥1020pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>All pA</td>
<td>10MΩ∥25pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All nA</td>
<td>9.09MΩ∥47pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All µA</td>
<td>99kΩ∥1020pF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All mA</td>
<td>100kΩ∥20pF</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OPERATION

Zero Verification and Correction
1. Allow the instrument to warm up for one hour after power up.
2. Turn zero check on by pressing the ZERO CHECK button. The ZERO CHECK indicator light will turn on.
3. Select the function and range that will be used. If unsure of range, select the lowest range.
4. If the display does not read zero, press the ZERO CORRECT button. The ZERO CORRECT indicator light will turn on and the display will read zero.
5. Take the instrument out of zero check by again pressing the ZERO CHECK button. The ZERO CHECK indicator light will turn off.
6. The instrument is now zeroed and ready to make measurements.

NOTES
1. The instrument can be rezeroed at any time by turning zero correct off (ZERO CORRECT indicator light off) and repeating steps 1 through 5.
2. Correction is automatically scaled when range is changed. However, it is recommended that zero be checked after range or function is changed. If range or function is to be changed without rezeroing, initially zero correct on the lowest range of the function to be used.
3. Check zero every 24 hours, or whenever there is a > 1°C temperature change.
4. On power up, zero check is on.

TYPICAL USE

Zero the 2pA range to ensure accurate measurements on that range.
MEASUREMENT MODES

DESCRIPTION

These buttons place the Model 617 in the desired electrometer measurement mode. The VOLTS and OHMS buttons have secondary functions: external feedback and V/I modes respectively. In the external feedback mode, the internal feedback elements are electrically removed from the circuit so that an external element can be used instead. The V/I mode utilizes the V-Source to extend the resistance measurement capabilities of the Model 617 to $10^{16}$Ω. In this mode the Model 617 automatically calculates the resistance from the programmed voltage value and measured current, and then displays it.

OPERATION

Volts, Ohms and Amps:
1. Turn zero check on.
2. Determine the signal to be measured.
3. Press the appropriate function button.
4. Select an appropriate range or autorange.
5. Zero correct the instrument if it is not reading zero.
6. Apply the signal to the triax input connector on the rear panel.
7. Turn zero check off.

Coulombs:
1. Turn zero check on.
2. Press the COUL button.
3. Select an appropriate range or autorange.
4. Zero correct the instrument if it is not reading zero.
5. Turn zero check off.
6. Turn suppress on to cancel the small amount of charge error introduced by turning zero check off.
7. Apply the signal to the triax input connector on the rear panel.

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**Fig 1. Voltage Resistance, Current and Charge Measurements**

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V/I:
1. Turn zero check on.
2. Select the current function and an appropriate range (autorange suggested).
3. Zero correct the instrument if it is not reading zero.
4. Set the voltage source (V-Source) to an appropriate level. (See page 20 for V-Source operation).
5. Connect the resistance to be measured to the Model 617 as shown.
6. Press the V-Source OPERATE button (OPERATE light on).
7. Turn zero check off.
8. Note the current reading on the display. If this current is to be suppressed, press the SUPPRESS button (SUPPRESS light on).

9. Select the V/I function by pressing the SHIFT button and then the OHMS button. The V/I indicator light will turn on.

10. If the displayed resistance measurement is to be suppressed, press the SUPPRESS button. Otherwise, take the resistance measurements, in ohms, from the display.

\[ R_x = \frac{\text{SOURCE VOLTAGE}}{\text{MEASURED CURRENT}} \]

**Fig 2. V/I Measurements**

NOTES

1. To exit the V/I mode, press any function button.

2. Suppress can be used with V/I ohms in two different ways. If suppress is enabled with the instrument in the V/I ohms mode, the displayed resistance value (not the current being measured) will be suppressed. In this case, the instrument can be toggled between amps and V/I ohms without cancelling the suppressed resistance value. However, suppress will be temporarily ignored by switching to amps, but it will be reinstated by returning to V/I ohms.

The current can be suppressed by placing the Model 617 in the amps mode and then enabling suppress. Entering the V/I ohms mode after suppress is enabled will not cancel the suppressed current, and the displayed resistance value will reflect the suppressed current (not a suppressed resistance). Again, the instrument can be toggled between V/I ohms and amps without cancelling suppress, but the suppressed value will be a current for both amps and V/I ohms under these conditions.
DESCRIPTION

The range buttons select the desired range of measurement for the Model 617. The range may be selected manually or automatically. With manual range selection always use the range that allows the greatest amount of resolution.

OPERATION

AUTO
The AUTO button toggles autoranging and manual ranging. The instrument is in autoranging when the AUTO indicator light is on. If the light is off, press the AUTO button once to get into the autorange mode.
MANUAL
The instrument is in manual range when the AUTO indicator light is off.
If the light is on, press the AUTO button once to get into the manual
ranging mode. To uprange, press the button showing the arrowhead
pointing up. To downrange press the button showing the arrowhead
pointing down.
The suppress feature serves as a means of baseline suppression allowing a stored offset value to be subtracted from subsequent readings. When the SUPPRESS button is pressed, the instrument triggers a conversion and stores the reading as a baseline value. All subsequent readings represent the differences between the applied signal level and the stored baseline. The stored baseline can be as small as the resolution of the instrument will allow or as large as full range.

A suppress level can be established for any measurement function and is effective only on that function. Changing functions, except between amps and V/I (see V/I operation), will cancel the suppress level already established. Once a suppress level is established for a measurement function, that stored level will be scaled according to what range the Model 617 is on.

It is important to note that the suppress mode reduces the dynamic range of measurement by that stored level. For example, assume that the suppress level is +1 μA and the 2 μA range is selected. The maximum positive displayed reading, before overranging, would be +0.9999 μA. This is because the A/D converter would be seeing 1.9999 μA (maximum) from the input. The dynamic range of measurement is -1.9999 μA to +0.9999 μA (2 μA span) as compared to the normal -1.9999 μA to +1.9999 μA (3.9998 μA) span. The dynamic range of measurement has been reduced by 1 μA (10,000 counts). The effects of dynamic range can be reduced by selecting a higher range or using autorange.
OPERATION

1. Select function and range.
2. Input the offset or baseline level to the Model 617.
3. Press the SUPPRESS button. The SUPPRESS indicator light will turn on and the display will zero.
4. The stored level will be algebraically subtracted from all subsequent measurements.

NOTE: Suppress can be turned off by again pressing the SUPPRESS button.

TYPICAL USE

1. Cancel external source offset (i.e. calibrator offset).
2. Null out lead resistance on ohms.
3. Null out circuit outputs to display only drift or changes.
TRIG (TRIGGER)

DESCRIPTION

As a bench instrument, the Model 617 has two trigger modes; continuous and single. In the continuous mode, the instrument constantly triggers three readings per second. In the single mode, one reading is triggered every time the TRIG button is pressed or an external trigger is received. When the SGL light is off, the Model 617 is in the continuous trigger mode. When the light is on, the instrument is in the single trigger mode.

OPERATION

Changing From Continuous To Single Trigger:
1. Press the SHIFT button and then the TRIG button. The SGL indicator light will turn on.
2. To trigger a reading, press the TRIG button once. The display will blank momentarily to indicate that one reading was triggered.

Changing From Single To Continuous Trigger:
1. Press the SHIFT button and then the TRIG button. The SGL indicator light will turn off.
2. Readings are now triggering continuously.

TYPICAL USE

The front panel TRIG button can be used to prompt another instrument to perform a specific function, such as outputting a current or voltage level, or changing channels on a scanner. To use in this configuration, the METER COMPLETE OUTPUT of the Model 617 must be connected to the external trigger input of the other instrument.

Artisan Scientific - Quality Instrumentation... Guaranteed | (888) 88-SOURCE | www.artisan-scientific.com
DESCRIPTION

This feature delivers $-102.35V$ to $+102.40V$ at a maximum of $\pm 2mA$ to the V-SOURCE OUTPUT binding posts on the rear panel of the Model 617.

OPERATION

WARNING

Hazardous voltages may be present at the output. Make sure that the OPERATE indicator light is off before connecting the V-SOURCE OUTPUT to a load.
1. Connect a suitable load to the V-SOURCE OUTPUT connectors.

2. Press the DISPLAY button and verify that the SOURCE indicator light is on. This button toggles the meter and source display modes.

**NOTE**

If the DATA indicator light is on (not blinking), the DISPLAY button will toggle the display between source and data display modes.

3. Using the two ADJUST buttons, set the displayed value to read the desired voltage level. The reading adjust rate will increase if an ADJUST button is held in. For an even faster adjust rate, press the SHIFT button and then hold in an ADJUST button.

4. Press the OPERATE button to output the displayed voltage to the load. The OPERATE indicator light will turn on.

5. To turn off the V-Source function, press the OPERATE button again. The OPERATE light will turn off and the output will be held at 0V ±50mV.

**NOTES**

1. Current limit will occur at less than 4mA and will cause the OPERATE indicator light to flash.

2. On power up, V-Source will be set to 00.00V.
TYPICAL USE

1. The V-Source is used with the V/I function to extend the resistance measurement capabilities of the Model 617 to $10^{18}\Omega$.

2. The V-Source can also be used to deliver test voltages to external circuits.
**DATA STORE with MIN/MAX**

**DESCRIPTION**

The data store feature saves up to 100 points of data and holds the lowest (Min) and highest (Max) readings while data store is on. The 100 points of data are stored at the rate of one of six selectable rates from every reading (3 per second) to one reading per hour. Also, manual data entry is available (R6). In the continuous trigger mode (SGL light off), the minimum/maximum readings are continuously updated at the rate of three readings per second (regardless of the selected rate) while data store is on.

**100 POINT DATA STORAGE**

1. Press and hold in the Data Store ON/OFF button. The following storage rates will scroll on the display:
   - r=0 (every reading)
   - r=1 (1 reading per second)
   - r=2 (1 reading per 10 seconds)
   - r=3 (1 reading per minute)
   - r=4 (1 reading per 10 minutes)
   - r=5 (1 reading per hour)
   - r=6 (every time TRIG button is pressed)
2. When the desired storage rate is displayed, release the Data Store ON/OFF button.
NOTE: If you are not ready to store data, turn the data store off. When ready, press and release the Data Store ON/OFF button. The preselected storage rate will be displayed briefly, the indicator light will turn on and the store cycle will start.

3. Recalling Data—Data can be recalled at any time, but the flashing DATA indicator light signals that the buffer is full (100 points stored).
   A. Press and hold in the RECALL button. The DATA indicator light will turn on and the display will scroll through the data and minimum/maximum points. The first data point displayed is the last data point that was stored. The next two points are the maximum (HI) and minimum (LO) readings made during that store cycle.
   B. Release the RECALL button at the desired data point and note the reading on the display. The data pointer can be incremented by steps of one by momentarily holding in the RECALL button.
   C. Exit from the recall mode by pressing the SHIFT button and then the RECALL EXIT button. The DATA indicator light will turn off.

4. Turn off the data store cycle by pressing the ON/OFF button. The indicator light will turn off. All stored data is retained until a new store cycle is started, power to the instrument is turned off, or a DCL or SDC is received over the IEEE bus.

TYPICAL USE

1. Saving data points of current drift of a low leakage device such as a FET.
2. Monitoring and saving levels that fluctuate over a period of time.

MIN/MAX

1. Press and release the Data Store ON/OFF button. The indicator light will turn on. In the continuous trigger mode, minimum and maximum readings will continue to update at the rate of three readings per second for as long as the data store is on and storing readings.
2. To recall the minimum/maximum readings:
   A. Press and hold in the RECALL button. The DATA indicator light will turn on.
   B. Release the RECALL button when HI is displayed and note the maximum reading.
C. Again press the RECALL button and release it when LO is displayed. Note the minimum reading.

D. Exit from the recall mode by pressing the SHIFT button and then the RECALL EXIT button. The DATA indicator light will turn off.

3. Turn off the data store cycle by pressing the ON/OFF button. The indicator light will turn off. The minimum/maximum readings, along with the other data, will be retained until a new store cycle is started.

**NOTE**
There must be at least one reading in data store in order to recall the minimum/maximum values.

**TYPICAL USE**
Detect surges, dips and peak drifts over a period of time.
PROGRAM FEATURES

The Model 617 has front panel programs to:
1. Display and change the IEEE-488 address of the instrument or select the talk only mode.
2. Toggle the display for either alpha exponents or numeric exponents.

The program mode is selected by pressing the SELECT button. Program parameters are changed with the use of the V-Source ADJUST buttons (V-Source is disabled during program select). The adjust buttons increment and decrement the displayed value.

Program Storage and Exit
Exit the program mode and store the parameters by pressing the SHIFT and SELECT EXIT buttons. The instrument will return to the previous mode.

IEEE ADDRESS AND TALK ONLY

To display and change the IEEE address:
1. Press and release the SELECT button until IEEE and the present address number are displayed.
2. To change the address, adjust the display to read the desired primary address (0-30) using the ADJUST buttons.
3. Press the SELECT button to store the new address and exit the program mode.

To select the talk only mode:
1. Press and release the SELECT button until IEEE is displayed.
2. Using the adjust buttons, adjust the display to read 40 for talk only mode with prefix or to 41 for talk only mode without prefix.
3. Press the SELECT button to store the talk only mode and exit the program mode.

NOTE
For more information on talk only operation, see page 40 of this booklet.
DISPLAY EXPONENTS

Do the following to toggle the display for alpha exponents (i.e. μA, kΩ) or numeric exponents (i.e. --06, 03).

1. Press and release the SELECT button until dISP is displayed.
2. Press and release either of the ADJUST buttons. The exponent mode will toggle.
3. Press the SELECT button to store the displayed exponent mode and exit the program mode.
DESCRIPTION

A voltage level that is proportional to the incoming input level can be monitored using the 2V ANALOG OUTPUT and COM binding posts on the rear panel. All ranges will output 2V at full range. The output is inverted when in volts and ohms.

TYPICAL USE

Connect a chart recorder to the analog output to monitor drift of the input signal over an extended period of time.
**PREAMP OUT**

**DESCRIPTION**

The PREAMP OUT connector can be used to either configure the Model 617 for external feedback or to monitor the output voltage of the electrometer preamp up to ±200V (proportional to the input level).

The table below lists the full range output voltages available at the PREAMP OUT and COM terminals. The output is inverted when in amps or coulombs.

**WARNING**

Hazardous voltage levels may be present on the PREAMP OUT terminal.

**FULL RANGE PREAMP OUT LEVELS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
<th>RANGE</th>
<th>PREAMP OUT (Absolute Value)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Volts</td>
<td>200mV</td>
<td>200mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2V</td>
<td>2 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20V</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200V</td>
<td>200 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amps</td>
<td>2pA, 2nA, 2μA, 2mA</td>
<td>200mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20pA, 20nA, 20μA, 20mA</td>
<td>2 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200pA, 200nA, 200μA</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohms</td>
<td>2kΩ</td>
<td>200mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20kΩ - 2GΩ</td>
<td>2 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20GΩ</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>200GΩ</td>
<td>200 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coulombs</td>
<td>200pC</td>
<td>200mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2nC</td>
<td>2 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OPERATION

External Feedback
1. Turn zero check on.
2. Press the SHIFT button and then the VOLTS button. The VOLTS and AMPS indicator lights will turn on.
3. Connect the external feedback element from the PREAMP OUT binding post to input HI as shown.
4. Apply the signal to the triax input connector.
5. Turn zero check off.

NOTES
1. The negative of the voltage drop across the feedback element will be displayed.
2. To exit the external feedback mode, turn zero check on, remove the feedback element and press any FUNCTION button.

TYPICAL USE

External feedback can be used if non-decade or logarithmic current gain is required, or added coulombs capability is necessary.
**V, Ω GUARD**

**DESCRIPTION**

Using the Model 617 in the guarded configuration (V, Ω GUARD switch on) reduces response time and the effects of cable leakage when making volts and ohms measurements. The guard should be used when making resistance measurements above 100MΩ or voltage measurements that have high source resistances. See Fig 4 for guarded measurement corrections.

*IF COM TO CHASSIS LINK IS IN, THE GRN LEAD CAN BE USED FOR INPUT LOW. OTHERWISE, THE GRN LEAD IS UNUSED.

**SUPPLIED INPUT CABLE**

*Fig 4. Guard Measurements*
OPERATION

WARNING
Hazardous voltage may be present on the inner shield of triax input connector (black test lead) when V, Ω GUARD is on.

1. Turn zero check on.
2. Place the V, Ω GUARD switch (on rear panel) to the on position.
3. Select the volts or ohms function.
4. Select appropriate range or autorange.
5. Connect input as shown in the illustration.
6. Release zero check and take the reading.

TYPICAL USE

Measure Insulation Resistance—The guard configuration is recommended to allow quick and accurate measurements regardless of cable capacitance or cable leakage.
EXTERNAL TRIGGER INPUT

DESCRIPTION

When the Model 617 is in the single trigger mode, external trigger pulses can be used to initiate measurement conversions. Each pulse will trigger one reading. The external trigger requires a falling edge, debounced pulse at TTL logic level (see Figure 5). A debounced switch can be connected to the EXTERNAL TRIGGER input and used to trigger readings. Every time the switch is closed, one reading will be triggered.

OPERATION

1. Set the Model 617 to the single trigger mode (see TRIG).
2. Input an appropriate debounced trigger pulse source to the EXTERNAL TRIGGER INPUT.

NOTE:
Trigger pulses that are not debounced will cause trigger errors (t Err).

TYPICAL USE

Have a programmable source trigger the Model 617 to take a reading when the source outputs a new level.

![Trigger Pulse Specifications](image)

Fig 5. Trigger Pulse Specifications
METER COMPLETE OUTPUT

The METER COMPLETE OUTPUT is a 400μsec wide positive going pulse that signifies completion of the measurement cycle. The meter complete line can be used to trigger another instrument or to inform an instrument that the measurement has been completed.

OPERATION

Using an appropriate cable, connect the METER COMPLETE OUTPUT of the Model 617 (located on rear panel) to the external trigger input of another instrument.

TYPICAL USES

1. Trigger a scanner to switch to the next available channel when the Model 617 measurement cycle has been completed.
2. Trigger a programmable source to output the next programmed level when the Model 617 measurement cycle has been completed.
### IEEE-488 PROGRAMMING

**Function:**
- F0 = Volts
- F1 = Amps
- F2 = Ohms
- F3 = Coulombs
- F4 = External Feedback
- F5 = V/I

**Range:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Volts</th>
<th>Amps</th>
<th>Ohms</th>
<th>Coul</th>
<th>X Fdbk</th>
<th>V/I</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R0</td>
<td>Auto on</td>
<td>Auto on</td>
<td>Auto on</td>
<td>Auto on</td>
<td>Auto on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R1</td>
<td>200mV</td>
<td>2 pA</td>
<td>2 kΩ</td>
<td>200pC</td>
<td>200mV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R2</td>
<td>2 V</td>
<td>20 pA</td>
<td>20 kΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>2 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R3</td>
<td>20 V</td>
<td>200 pA</td>
<td>200 kΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R4</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>2 nA</td>
<td>2 MΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R5</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>20 nA</td>
<td>20 MΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R6</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>200 nA</td>
<td>200 MΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R7</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>2 μA</td>
<td>2 GΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R8</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>20 μA</td>
<td>20 GΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R9</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>200 μA</td>
<td>200 GΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R10</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>2 mA</td>
<td>200GΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R11</td>
<td>200 V</td>
<td>20 mA</td>
<td>200 GΩ</td>
<td>20 nC</td>
<td>20 V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R12</td>
<td>Auto off</td>
<td>Auto off</td>
<td>Auto off</td>
<td>Auto off</td>
<td>Auto off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Zero Check:**
- C0 = Off
- C1 = On

**Zero Correct:**
- Z0 = Off
- Z1 = On

**Suppress:**
- N0 = Off
- N1 = On

**Display:**
- D0 = Electrometer
- D1 = Voltage Source

**Read Mode:**
- B0 = Electrometer
- B1 = Data Store*
- B2 = Highest (Max) Buffered Reading
- B3 = Lowest (Min) Buffered Reading
- B4 = Voltage Source

*See page 42 for program example.
| Data Store Control | Q0 = Every Reading  
|                   | Q1 = 1 reading per second.  
|                   | Q2 = 1 reading per 10 seconds.  
|                   | Q3 = 1 reading per minute.  
|                   | Q4 = 1 reading per 10 minutes.  
|                   | Q5 = 1 reading per hour.  
|                   | Q6 = Every time TRIG button is pressed.  
|                   | Q7 = Off  
| V-Source Value | V ± n.nnnnE±nn  
|                | n = Voltage Source Value  
| V-Source Operate | O0 = Off  
|                  | O1 = On  
| Calibration Value | A ± n.nnnnE±nn  
|                  | A = Calibration Value  
| Store | L1 = Store Calibration Constants  
| Trigger | T0 = Continuous, Talk  
|         | T1 = Single, Talk  
|         | T2 = Continuous, GET  
|         | T3 = Single, GET  
|         | T4 = Continuous, "X"  
|         | T5 = Single, "X"  
|         | T6 = Continuous, External  
|         | T7 = Single, External  
|         | *Trigger always starts a new reading, regardless of mode (single/continuous).  
| Status | U0 = Send machine status word.  
|        | U1 = Send error status word.  
|        | U2 = Send data status word.  
| Data Format | G0 = Send prefix with data.  
|            | G1 = Do not send prefix with data.  
|            | G2 = Send prefix and buffer address with data (if in B1).  
| SRQ | M0 = Clear SRQ Mask  
|     | M1 = Reading Overflow  
|     | M2 = Buffer Full  
|     | M3 = Reading Done  
|     | M16 = Ready  
|     | M32 = Error  
|     | Example: M10 programs the 617 to SRQ when a reading is done or the buffer is full.  

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EOI:

K0 = Send EOI and hold off on “X”.
K1 = Do not send EOI and hold off on “X”.
K2 = Send EOI and no hold off on “X”.
K3 = Do not send EOI and no hold off on “X”.

Terminator:

Y = No terminator character.
Ym = One terminator character.
Ymn = Two terminator characters.

*Execute:

X = Execute Device-Dependent Commands
*Use “X” to force a sequence. Example: To zero the instrument, send C1XZ1XG0X.

TRIGGER TO FIRST BYTE OUT: 350ms.

POWER UP DEFAULT CONDITIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODE</th>
<th>STATUS (see machine status word)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Function</td>
<td>F0 = Volts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Range</td>
<td>R0 = Autorange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero Check</td>
<td>C1 = On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zero Correct</td>
<td>Z0 = Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppress</td>
<td>N0 = Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trigger</td>
<td>T0 = Continuous, External</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V-Source Operate</td>
<td>O0 = Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Read Mode</td>
<td>B0 = Electrometer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Format</td>
<td>G0 = Send prefix with data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Display</td>
<td>D0 = Electrometer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data Store Control</td>
<td>Q7 = Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SRQ</td>
<td>M0 = Clear SRQ mask</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EOI</td>
<td>K0 = Send EOI and hold off on “X”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminator</td>
<td>Y0 = CR LF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V-Source Value</td>
<td>V0 = 0 Volts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>U not active</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cal Value</td>
<td>A not active</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DATA FORMAT

*\( N \) DCA \(+0.12345\ E + 06\), \( m,n \)

N = NORMAL
O = OVERFLOW

FUNCTION:
DCA = AMPS
DCV = VOLTS
OHM = OHMS
DCC = COUL
DCX = EXTERNAL
FEEDBACK

*VSCCR WHEN READING V-SOURCE (B4)

STATUS BYTE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BIT POSITION</th>
<th>B7</th>
<th>B6</th>
<th>B5</th>
<th>B4</th>
<th>B3</th>
<th>B2</th>
<th>B1</th>
<th>B0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VALUE</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1/0</td>
<td>1/0</td>
<td>1/0</td>
<td>1/0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1/0</td>
<td>1/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DECIMAL</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEIGHTING</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 = ERROR
1 = READY
1 = READING DONE
1 = GRQ BY 617
(STATUS BYE ONLY)
1 = READING
OVERFLOW
1 = BUFFER
FULL
STATUS WORDS

Machine Status (U0)

| 617 F R R C Z N T O B G D Q M M K Y Y |
| 0 0 0 1 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 7 0 0 0 = |

(Default Conditions Shown)

Error Status (U1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NO</th>
<th>TRIGGER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>617</td>
<td>IDDC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 or 1</td>
<td>0 or 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0 = FALSE
1 = TRUE
EXAMPLE: 617010000000 = IDDCO ERROR

Data Status (U2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>BUFFER</th>
<th>TEMP</th>
<th>V-SOURCE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>617</td>
<td>FULL</td>
<td>Z</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0 or 1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 or 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0 0 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0 = FALSE
1 = TRUE
EXAMPLE: 617100000000 = BUFFER FULL

IEEE ADDRESS SELECTION

A front panel program is used to display and change the IEEE-488 primary address of the Model 617. See page 26 for instructions.
TALK ONLY OPERATION

DESCRIPTION

Talk only may be used to send data to a listen only device such as a printer. Data may be sent with the prefix (i.e. NDCA) or without the prefix. When the Model 617 is in the talk only mode, it ignores commands given over the bus. The talk only mode is enabled through a front panel program. The default talk rate is three readings per second (every reading). However, a different talk rate can be selected.

OPERATION

1. Select Program. Press and release the SELECT button until IEEE is displayed.
2. Select Talk Only Mode. Adjust the display, using the ADJUST buttons to read 40 for talk only mode with prefix or to 41 for talk only mode without prefix.
3. Store Program. Press the SHIFT button and then the SELECT EXIT button.
4. To select a different talk rate:
   A. Press and hold in the Data Store ON/OFF button. The following talk rates scroll on the display:
      \[ r = 0 \text{ (every reading)} \]
      \[ r = 1 \text{ (1 reading per second)} \]
      \[ r = 2 \text{ (1 reading per 10 seconds)} \]
      \[ r = 3 \text{ (1 reading per minute)} \]
      \[ r = 4 \text{ (1 reading per 10 minutes)} \]
      \[ r = 5 \text{ (1 reading per hour)} \]
      \[ r = 6 \text{ (1 reading every time TRIG button is pressed)} \]
   B. Release the ON/OFF button when the desired talk rate is displayed.

NOTE: The instrument remains in the selected talk rate until a new rate is selected, the data store cycle is turned off (DATA STORE indicator light off) or power is cycled.
PROGRAMS

The following programs are designed to be a simple aid to the user. They are not intended to suit specific needs. Detailed programming information can be found in the manual.

The first program demonstrates how to read the contents of the buffer (data store) using the HP-85 computer. All 100 readings stored in the buffer will be displayed.

The rest of the programs display one reading at the output of the controller. Each program provides an ASCII string variable output of the form:

NDCA + 0.00000 + 0 CR LF

The note at the end of each program indicates modifications to provide a numeric variable (A) in exponential form:

+ 0.00000
DATA STORE OPERATION
USING HP-85

The following program will enable data store (buffer) operation and obtain and display 100 readings on the computer CRT.

DIRECTIONS

1. Using the front panel program feature, set the primary address on the Model 617 to 27.
2. Connect the Model 617 to the HP82937A IEEE interface.
3. Enter the following program using the END LINE key after each line is typed.
4. Press the HP-85 RUN key. The program will enable the buffer, wait for the buffer to fill, turn on the buffer output, and then request and display all 100 readings.

PROGRAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LINE</th>
<th>COMMAND</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>REMOTE 727</td>
<td>Enable buffer at conversion rate.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>OUTPUT 727;&quot;Q0X&quot;</td>
<td>Serial Poll the 617.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>S = SPOLL (727)</td>
<td>If buffer not full, wait.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 IF NOT BIT(S,1) THEN 40</td>
<td>Set read mode to buffer.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>OUTPUT 727;&quot;B1G2X&quot;</td>
<td>Loop 100 times.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>FOR I = 1 TO 100</td>
<td>Get a buffer reading.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>ENTER 727;A$</td>
<td>Display it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>DISP A$</td>
<td>Loop back and get next reading</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>NEXT I</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>END</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

42
IBM XT or PC
(Keithley 8573 GPIB Interface)

The following program sends a command string to the Model 617 from an IBM PC or XT computer and displays the instrument reading on the CRT. The computer must be equipped with a Keithley Instruments Model 8573 GPIB IEEE interface and the DOS 2.0 operating system. The GPIB software and hardware must be configured per the Keithley Instruments Model 8573 Instruction Manual.

DIRECTIONS

1. Using the front panel program feature, set the primary address of the Model 617 to 27.
2. With the power off, connect the Model 617 to the IEEE-488 interface installed in the IBM computer.
3. Type in the command BASICA on the IBM keyboard to get into the IBM interpretive BASICA language.
4. Place the interface software disc in the default drive, type LOAD "DECL", and press the return key.
5. Enter the following program into the computer, pressing the return key after each line is typed. Lines 1-6 are part of the DECL program previously loaded and need not be typed in. However, lines 1 and 2 will have to be altered. See the Model 8573 Instruction Manual.
6. Run the program and type in the desired command string when prompted. For example: to place the Model 617 into the one shot on talk trigger mode and in the 2μA range, type in F1R7T1X and press the return key.
7. The display will show the Model 617 reading string on the CRT. For example, when the Model 617 is in zero check, the display will read NDCA + 0.00000E-06.
8. To exit the program type EXIT and press return.
PROGRAM

10 CLS
20 NA$ = "GPIB0":CALL IBFIND (NA$, BRD0%)
30 NA$ = "DEVO":CALL IBFIND (NA$, M617%)
35 V% = &H102:CALL IBPOKE (BRDO%, V%)
40 V% = 27:CALL IBPAD (M617%, V%)
50 V% = 1:CALL IBSRE (BRDO%, V%)
60 INPUT "COMMAND"; CMD$  
70 IF CMD$ = "EXIT" THEN 150  
80 IF CMD$ = " " THEN 60  
90 CALL IBWRT(M617%, CMD$)
100 RD$ = SPACES(50)  
110 CALL IBRD(M617%, RD$)  
120 RD$ = LEFT$(RD$, IBCNT%)  
130 PRINT RD$  
140 GOTO 60  
150 V% = 0:CALL IBONL (BRDO%, V%)  
160 CALL IBONL(M617%, V%)  
170 END

NOTE: Lines 1-6 of this program are not shown and need not be typed in. They are contained in the floppy disc. When the command LOAD "DECL" is entered these lines are already there.

NOTE: If conversion to numeric variable is desired, change lines 120 and 130 as follows:

120 RD$ = VAL(MIDS(RD$, 5, 16))
130 PRINT RD$


APPLE II (APPLE Interface)

The following program obtains one reading from the Model 617 Electrometer and displays the reading on the APPLE II screen, using an APPLE IEEE-488 interface.

DIRECTIONS

1. Using the front panel program feature, set the primary address of the Model 617 to 27.
2. Connect the Model 617 to the APPLE II and APPLE IEEE-488 interface.
3. Enter the following program using the RETURN key after each line.
4. Type in RUN and depress the RETURN key.
5. The display will read "TEST SETUP".
6. To program the Model 617 to the 2μA range and take a reading, type in F1RTTX and depress the RETURN key.
7. The display will read NDA + 0.00000E-06 when the Model 617 is in zero check.

PROGRAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LINE</th>
<th>COMMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Z$ = CHR$(26)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>INPUT &quot;TEST SETUP?&quot;; B$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>PRINT &quot;RA&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>IN#0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>PRINT &quot;WT&quot;; Z$; B$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>PRINT &quot;LFI&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td>PRINT &quot;RD&quot;; CHR$(91); Z$;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>INPUT &quot;&quot;; A$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>PRINT &quot;UT&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>PR#0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>PRINT A$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130</td>
<td>GO TO 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: If conversion to numeric variable is needed, add the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LINE</th>
<th>COMMENT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>134</td>
<td>A = VAL(MID$(A$, 5, 16))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>136</td>
<td>PRINT A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following program obtains one reading from the Model 617 Electrometer and displays the reading on the HP-85 CRT screen, using the 82397A GPIB interface and an I/O ROM.

DIRECTIONS

1. Using the front panel program feature, set the primary address on the Model 617 to 27.
2. Connect the Model 617 to the HP82937A IEEE interface.
3. Enter the following program using the END LINE key after each line is typed.
4. Depress the RUN key.
5. The display will read "TEST SETUP".
6. To program the Model 617 to the 2µA range and take a reading, type in F1R7T1X and depress the END LINE key.
7. The display will read NDCA + 0.00000E - 06 when the Model 617 is in zero check.

PROGRAM COMMENTS

10 DIM A$(25), B$(25)  Set to remote.
20 REMOTE 727        Prompt for test setup.
30 DISP "TEST SETUP" Program the 617
40 INPUT B$           Get data from 617.
50 OUTPUT 727;B$      Repeat
60 ENTER 727;A$       Repeat
70 DISP A$            Repeat
80 GO TO 30
90 END

NOTE: If conversion to numeric variable is needed, change line 70 as follows:

70 DISP VAL(A$(5))
The following program obtains one reading from the Model 617 Electrometer and displays the reading on the HP 9825A using a 98034A HPIB interface and a 9872A extended I/O ROM.

**DIRECTIONS**

1. Using the front panel program feature, set the primary address of the Model 617 to 27.
2. Connect the Model 617 to the HP 9825A and the 98034A HPIB interface.
3. Enter the following program using the STORE key after each line is typed. Line numbers are automatically assigned by the 9825A.
4. Depress the RUN key.
5. The display will read "TEST SETUP".
6. To program the Model 617 to the 2μA range and take a reading type in F1R7T1X and depress the CONT key.
7. The print-out will read NDCA + 0.00000E-06 when the Model 617 is in zero check.

**PROGRAM**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROGRAM</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 dev&quot;617&quot;,727</td>
<td>Define Model 617 address 27.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 rem&quot;617&quot;</td>
<td>Set to remote.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 ent&quot;TEST SETUP&quot;,B$</td>
<td>Enter programming command. (Example: 2μA range = F1R7T1X)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 wrt&quot;617&quot;,B$</td>
<td>Output program command to Model 617 via IEEE bus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 rd&quot;617&quot;,A$</td>
<td>Read data from Model 617 via IEEE bus.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 prt A$</td>
<td>Print data on hard copy printer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 gto 3</td>
<td>Repeat</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** If conversion to numeric variable is desired, omit line 6 and 7 and substitute:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROGRAM</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6 &quot;e&quot;→ A$(13,13);flt6</td>
<td>Convert to numeric variable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 prl val(A$(5))</td>
<td>Repeat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 gto 3</td>
<td>Repeat.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following program sends a command string to the Model 617 Electrometer, reads data and displays the data on the HP 9816 CRT, using BASICA 2.0.

DIRECTIONS

1. Using the front panel program feature, set the primary address of the Model 617 to 27.
2. With the power off, connect the Model 617 to the HP 9816 and HP 82937A GPIB interface.
3. Type EDIT and press the EXEC key.
4. Enter the following program using the ENTER key after each line is typed.
5. Press the HP 9816 RUN key.
6. The display will read "TEST SETUP".
7. To program the Model 617 to the 2µA range and to take a reading, type in F1R7T1X and press the ENTER key.
8. The display will read NDCA + 0.00000E-06 when the Model 617 is in zero check.

PROGRAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>REMOTE 727</td>
<td>Set to remote.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>INPUT &quot;TEST SETUP&quot;, A$</td>
<td>Prompt for test setup.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>OUTPUT 727; A$</td>
<td>Send command string to 617.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>ENTER 727; B$</td>
<td>Get data string from 617.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>PRINT B$</td>
<td>Display data string.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td>GO TO 20</td>
<td>Repeat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>END</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE: If conversion to numeric variable is desired, change lines 40 and 50 as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Instructions</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>ENTER 727; B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>PRINT B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following program obtains one reading from the Model 617 Electrometer and displays the reading on the DEC LSI 11 microcomputer CRT terminal. The LSI 11 must be configured with 16k words of RAM and an IBV 11 IEEE interface. The software must be configured with IB software as well as the FORTRAN and the RT 11 operating system.

**DIRECTIONS**

1. Using the front panel program features, set the primary address of the Model 617 to 27.
2. Connect the Model 617 to the IBM 11 IEEE cable.
3. Enter the following program, using the editor under RT 11 and the name IPHILD.
4. Compile using the FORTRAN compiler as follows: FORTRAN IPHILD.
5. Link with the system and IB libraries as follows: LINK IPHILD, IBLIB.
6. Type RUN IPHIL and depress the RETURN key.
7. The display will read "ENTER ADDRESS".
8. Type in 27 and depress the RETURN key.
9. The display will read "TEST SETUP".
10. To program the Model 617 to the 2μA range and take a reading, type in FRITTI and depress the RETURN key.
11. The display will read NDCA + 0.00000E - 06 when the Model 617 is in zero check.
PROGRAM

INTEGER*2 PRIADR
LOGICAL*1 MSG(80), INPUT(80)
DO 2 I = 1, 10
CALL IBSTER(I,0)
2 CONTINUE
CALL IBSTER(15,5) !Turn off IB errors.
CALL IBTIMO(120) !Allow 5 error 15's.
CALL IBTERM("10") !Allow 1 second bus time-out.
CALL IBREN !Set LF as terminator.
4 TYPE 5
5 FORMAT (1X, 'ENTER ADDRESS', $) !Turn remote on.
ACCEPT 10, PRIADR
10 FORMAT (2/41
12 TYPE 15
15 FORMAT (1X, 'TEST SETUP', $) !Input the address 27.
CALL GETSTR(5, MSG, 72)
CALL IBSEND(MSG, -1, PRIADR)
CALL IBRECV(INPUT, 80, PRIADR) !Prompt for the test setup.
18 FORMAT (1X, 'TEST SETUP', $)
INPUT(I + 1) = 0 !Get the test setup.
CALL PUTSTR( '0') !Program the 617.
CALL IBUNT !Program the 617.
GO TO 12 !Untalk the 617.
END !Repeat
The following program obtains one reading from the Model 617 Electrometer and displays the reading on the PET/CBM 2001 screen.

**DIRECTIONS**

1. Using the front panel feature, set the primary address of the Model 617 to 27.
2. Connect the Model 617 to the PET/CBM 2001 IEEE interface.
3. Enter the following program using the RETURN key after each line.
4. Type RUN and depress the RETURN key.
5. The display will read “TEST SETUP”.
6. To program the Model 617 to the 2μA range and take a reading, type in F1R7T2X and depress the RETURN key.
7. The display will read NDCA + 0.00000E-06 when the Model 617 is in zero check.

**PROGRAM**

```
10 OPEN 6,27
20 INPUT "TEST SETUP";B$
30 PRINT#6,B$
40 INPUT#6,A$
50 IF ST = 2 THEN 40
60 PRINT A$
70 GO TO 20
```

**COMMENTS**

- Open file 6, primary address 27
- Enter programming command (Example: 2μA range = F1R7T2X)
- Output to IEEE bus.
- Read data from Model 617 via IEEE bus.
- If time out, input again.
- Print data
- Repeat

**NOTE:** If conversion to numeric variable is desired, omit line 70 and type the following:

```
70 A = VAL(MID$(A$,5,15))
```

- Convert to numeric variable.

```
80 PRINT "A = " ;A
90 GO TO 20
```

- Repeat